

THE HERALD REACHES MORE HOMES THAN ANY OTHER SALT LAKE NEWSPAPER.

APPROPRIATIONS VETOED.

Wyoming Live Stock Commissioner Sat Upon.

GOVERNOR OSBORNE'S VIEW.

He Disapproves the Bill for the Commissioner's Salary.

The Editor of the Cheyenne Leader Arrested Upon the Charge of Criminal Libel Against Clark E. Dodge.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Feb. 21.—[Special.]—Governor Osborne today vetoed parts of the general appropriation bill left in his hands at the close of the legislative session. The appropriation of \$12,000 for the board of live stock commissioners was vetoed. "The law creating the board of live stock commissioners is, in my opinion, unjust and oppressive in the extreme. An autocratic power is thereby granted and it is in violation of a reasonable construction of our constitution, which grants equal rights to all and special privileges to none."

"The appropriation asked for in the section hereby disapproved is for the purpose of keeping in existence a board of commissioners the members of which assume the right, by special class legislation, to seize live stock in transit in or out of the state and to confiscate the same without due process of law. This being done under the presumption that the owner or shipper of so-called 'stray' is a thief, until he can prove his innocence to the satisfaction of the existing and illegally constituted tribunal. Believing that my sworn duty as governor of the state is to check such assumption of power, I am compelled to withhold my approval."

The appropriation of \$3,000 to H. B. Ljams, who has been secretary of the committee for the past two years, for his services, was also vetoed, as were appropriations of \$1,500 to pay the contingent expenses of the state veterinarian and \$1,800 to pay the salary of the state veterinarian.

During the senatorial contest an attempt was made to drag Senator Kime out to keep him from the legislative joint session on Feb. 4, the day A. L. New made his strong effort to secure the election. Kime had refused to vote for New and the attempt was charged to New's supporters.

MONTANA'S CONTENT.

A Joint Session of the Legislature Will Be Held Today.

HELENA, Mont., Feb. 21.—[Special.]—The legislature did not elect a senator today, but decided that it must meet on Washington's birthday and take a ballot, in order that the law might be fulfilled. This question for the day absorbed more attention than the balloting. Some held that a legal holiday is like Sunday, as far as the legislature is concerned, but the lieutenant governor decided otherwise, and the joint assembly will meet tomorrow and take another fruitless ballot.

The election of a Democrat in North Dakota and the fact that the governor of Wyoming will appoint a Democrat, thus insuring Democratic control of the Senate, has solidified the factions of the Democratic party here and each will vote out the session and lay the blame for failure to elect on the other.

IDAHO LEGISLATURE.

The Soldiers' Home Bill Passes the Senate By Unanimous Vote.

BOISE, Ida., Feb. 21.—The senate today passed King's house soldiers' home bill by unanimous vote. The governor will approve the measure. It is likely the home will be located in this city. Moore's bill amending the election law by providing that the registration office be open until Saturday before the election was also passed.

GUN CASE.

The Tactics of the Populists in Kansas in a Test Case.

TOPEKA, Feb. 21.—The supreme court this morning took up the Babers coroner case of L. G. Gans to test the legality of the Republican house. After considerable argument it was decided that the burden of proof rests on the Republican house. Frank L. Brown, clerk of the Republican house, was then examined. It is understood that the policy of the Populists is to delay the hearing by interposition of all sorts of objections until the Populists can pass all bills they desire and adjourn before the court can reach a decision.

WYOMING SENATOR.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Feb. 21.—Governor Osborne has decided to postpone the appointment of senator until the expiration of the term of F. E. Warren, Republican. A. L. New is believed to have the best chance.

MONTANA'S SENATORIAL ROW.

HELENA, Feb. 21.—Senatorial ballot today: Mantle, 31; Clark, 25; Dixon, 11; others, scattering.

JENKS FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

BROOKVILLE, Pa., Feb. 21.—George W. Jenks will be attorney-general in Mr. Cleveland's second administration. He

received news of his appointment from the Chicago Herald in three telegrams yesterday, the last one arriving at 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

MARTIN'S CONTENTANT.

Kansas Republicans Decide Upon Bailey Waggoner as the Man.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 21.—The Republican members of the house and senate in caucus tonight decided upon Bailey Waggoner as the contestant to the seat of John Martin in the senate. The caucus adjourned until tomorrow morning when the selection of Waggoner will be formally ratified. Waggoner's selection will not occur until after the supreme court renders its decision in the Gunn case.

AMERICAN WHEELMEN.

The League Meeting Held in Philadelphia Is Concluded.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 21.—The League of American Wheelmen in session today transacted much business and decided to allow one delegate to the national assembly for every 400 members. An amendment designed to bring members from the league by inserting the word "white" in the constitution was lost, not receiving the necessary two-thirds vote. The vote was 104 for and 101 against. At the afternoon session the question was again brought up and section 1 altered to provide that those wishing it may allow a negro to become a member of the league and those not desiring it can bar them out. A number of racing amendments were adopted. The annual meet will be held in Chicago next August.

PERRY'S MINERAL DEAL.

Secretary Noble Declines to Recognize the Lease.

The Law Does Not Authorize Such a Lease and It Should Not Be Made—A Protest.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—[Special.]—Secretary Noble has declined to recognize the lease said to have been made with Perry by the Indian agent on behalf of the Utes on the Uncompahgre reservation, because the Utes are on lands the government holds in trust for these Indians. There is no title to the lands and they have not taken them in severalty but are tenants in common.

Secretary Noble says the law does not authorize such a lease and it shall not be made. The agent had no authority to go to the Indians. No actual lease had been presented to the department for ratification.

The above dispatch conveys welcome news to the hundred or more business men who signed the protest against the approval of the lease mentioned in yesterday's Herald. The announcement was yesterday submitted to the governor who immediately forwarded it to the secretary of the interior. Since Secretary Noble has signed his name to the protest, the whole matter will probably be dropped, although in view of the statements made by Indian Agent Waugh's friends, there seems to be some doubt as to the whole scheme that has not yet been disclosed.

The gentlemen in this city who have been favoring the project have as a condition of success last evening as on the previous day. Mr. Swift wished to correct the statement that he was present when the lease was signed. He did not arrive at the agency until the following day.

NO FURTHER CABINET SELECTIONS.

LAKELAND, N. J., Feb. 21.—Mr. Cleveland had no further announcements to make today in regard to his cabinet.

Representative of Queen Liliuokalani who were said to be coming here have failed to put in an appearance.

FAMINE IN FINLAND.

Thousands of Peasants Barely Able to Find Means of Subsistence.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 21.—In consequence of the destruction of crops by frost last summer, famine and disease is now prevalent throughout Finland and more than 300,000 persons are dependent upon charity. Towns and villages are thronged with beggars. At least 500,000 peasants are barely able to find means of subsistence. They have eaten most of their draft animals and domestic fowls. Typhus fever is carrying off hundreds daily.

PANAMA CONCESSION.

The French Cabinet Notified of a Short Extension of Time.

PARIS, Feb. 21.—The minister of foreign affairs has informed the cabinet that Colombia has extended the concession of the Panama canal for one month from Feb. 28. He reported that this short extension was secured with great difficulty and unless within that time evidence of the ability and purpose of the company to continue work was forth coming the republic would be required to enter possession of the canal property.

EPISCOPAL JUBILEE.

The Pope Gives a Reception to Irish Pilgrims.

ROME, Feb. 21.—The celebration of Pope Leo's Episcopal jubilee continued today and the city is brilliant with throngs of visitors and pilgrims from all quarters of the globe. The pope gave a reception to the Armenian patriarch who presented letters of congratulation and gifts from the sultan of Turkey. Afterwards Cardinal Logue introduced the Irish pilgrims to the pope who thanked them in gracious terms for organizing the pilgrimage. He said the Irish faith, piety and devotion to the papacy was always the same. He exhorted the pilgrims to persevere in their attachment to the church.

THE QUEEN'S CONGRATULATIONS.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—The queen has telegraphed to the pope: "I congratulate you on the anniversary of fifty years of your episcopate and sincerely wish you health, and happiness."

OPPOSING HOME RULE.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—The Grand Lodge of Belfast has sent out a vehement manifesto against the home rule bill. The manifesto demands either union with Great Britain or complete separation from Great Britain, and names March 2 as the date of the great unionist demonstration in Ulster hall.

FOUR HUNDRED PERSONS KILLED.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—Mail advices from Cape Palmas, Liberia, say a typhoid epidemic in that country estimated Jan. 28, in a battle in which 400 were killed and 200 wounded. As the mails left hostilities were renewed.

BLENDING AND FINISHING WORKS BURN.

MANCHESTER, Eng., Feb. 21.—A fire in the suburb of Strangeways caused a loss of \$450,000. It destroyed the warehouses of Chaiton's bleaching and finishing works.

GORMAN CALLING A HALT.

The Matter of Pension Appropriations Must Stop Soon.

OTHERWISE BANKRUPTCY.

Consideration of the Sundry Civil Bill in the Senate.

A Spirited Debate Regarding Several Amendments Offered by Mr. Hawley—Contested Amendments Finally Go Over Until Today.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The credentials of William V. Allen, as senator from the state of Nebraska from the 4th of March next, in place of Mr. Paddock, were presented and placed on file.

Consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill was proceeded with, the pending amendments being in regard to the site for the new government printing office building. The amendments were voted down, thus killing for the present, at least, all chance of purchasing a site for the new building.

Mr. Hawley moved to increase the appropriation for the Soldiers' National Home at Santa Monica, Cal., from \$70,000 to \$80,000.

Mr. Gorman appealed to Mr. Hawley not to press the amendment. The pension appropriation bill contained appropriations to the amount of \$165,000,000, and as sure as the sun would rise on the first day of July next there would be a deficiency of from \$13,000,000 to \$15,000,000. No man could tell how much and he therefore submitted that it was time to halt and say the matter of pensions should terminate at some point short of absolute bankruptcy of the treasury.

Mr. Hawley declared that he would force it with all his power.

Mr. Gorman, in replying to Mr. Hawley, said there seemed to be a desire on the other side of the chamber to pile up obligations on the government until the Democratic party would have no escape from having to increase taxes on the people.

After further discussion the Hawley amendment was agreed to, as also like amendments increasing appropriations for soldiers' homes.

Mr. Vile offered an amendment appropriating \$125,000 for a survey of public lands lying within the railroad land grants, each to be reimbursed by the railroad company.

An amendment offered by Mr. Davis in relation to timber culture laws gave rise to a dry, legal uninteresting discussion which lasted for nearly three hours.

As the vote was about to be taken by yeas and nays, which would probably have revealed the absence of a quorum, Mr. Allison proposed that all contested amendments should go over till tomorrow and the proposition was agreed to.

Mr. Wolcott moved to reduce the appropriation for expenses of protecting timber on the public lands from \$80,000 to \$40,000, which was agreed to.

Mr. Squire moved to increase the appropriation for surveys of public lands from \$300,000 to \$400,000, which was agreed to.

Mr. Power offered an amendment fixing the limit of cost of a post office at Helena, Mont., at \$300,000, which was excluded on a point of order.

Mr. Stewart offered an amendment appropriating \$100,000 to the state of Nevada for money expended in the suppression of the rebellion, which was agreed to.

The bill was then reported to the Senate by the committee of the whole, and all amendments unreserved were agreed to. The bill will be open tomorrow to new amendments. The Senate then, at 1:20 o'clock, adjourned till tomorrow noon.

GOLD RESERVE.

The Question of Issuing Bonds Discussed by the Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The question of issuing bonds to keep the gold reserve intact was discussed at today's cabinet meeting. Secretary Foster is understood to have stated that there were \$7,228,468 free gold in the treasury, minus \$1,000,000 taken from the New York sub-treasury for export today.

The Secretaries Rusk and Elikins sustained the president's provision against the issue of bonds. Mr. Tracy, it is believed, sided with Foster in favor of the issue. The result, it is stated on good authority, was a decision not to issue bonds now.

It cannot be learned that any alternative course of action was decided upon by the cabinet, in case the gold in the treasury becomes exhausted. The feeling seemed to be that the emergency should not be met before it was arrived at.

It is said that President Harrison is convinced that no necessity will arise for a sale of bonds to maintain a parity of the two metals. He has repeatedly declared that he will maintain a parity by every means in his power.

The president is credited with the belief that the demand for gold for export is not only artificial, but is a part of a scheme, international in its scope, having for its object the issue of bonds. When it becomes apparent that no bonds will be issued, his opinion is said to be that of heavy drafts upon the treasury gold will cease.

SAN DOMINGO MATTERS.

The Spanish Minister at Washington Wants Information.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Mr. Sagorrio, secretary and charge d'affaires of the Spanish legation, called at the state department this afternoon to learn if this government had any information regarding the custom of concession made by the government of San Domingo to a syndicate of residents of the United States, or was interesting itself in the matter.

Sagorrio was told that this government had no official information regarding the affair and there were no grounds for an intimation that the United States was interfering with San Domingo in any way.

READING FLOATING DEBT.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—A. J. Antelo, one of the Reading board of managers, says the Reading's floating debt is only \$6,000,000, half of which is held by Sperry & Co. of New York, the other half by Philadelphia capitalists, and all secured by collateral deposited with them.

Ex-Senator Platt, who applied for the receivership, is quoted as saying: "Neither Pierrepont, Morgan nor Vandervilt have anything to do with it."

STATEMENT OF READING AFFAIRS.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 21.—The receivers of the Reading road met in the general offices of the company this morning and are now going over the affairs of the road. President McClellan said the promised statement of Reading's affairs would not be issued today.

MCKINLEY'S BUSINESS COMPLICATIONS.

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 21.—Governor McKinley is still here arranging his business complications. He emphatically declines the report that he intends to resign the governorship. A dispatch from Youngstown says: Investigation into the failure of E. L. Walker shows that Governor McKinley's liabilities as endorser are \$100,000 to \$110,000.

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SEVENTH DAY ADVENTISTS.

International Conference in Session at Battle Creek.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Feb. 21.—The international conference of Seventh Day Adventists is in session here. Among the delegates arriving today were D. T. Jones of California and J. E. Graham of the North Pacific conference. The day was occupied in a discussion of the condition of the southern part of the country, it being shown that there was only one ordained Adventist minister and one licensed missionary in the creed laboring among the colored millions of the south.

SWITCHMEN'S DEMANDS.

The Santa Fe Company Has Refused to Advance Wages.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—Vice-President Springer of the Atchafalaya, Topeka & Santa Fe received a dispatch today from General Manager Robinson at Topeka, stating that the switchmen employed by the company there had made a formal demand for an increase of wages. Robinson stated the demand and a probable strike will result. The Chicago switchmen have not yet presented their petition to the roads, but it is reported that unless the new scheme is adopted they will quit work on April 1.

FOUR MINERS KILLED.

A Cave-In Occurs in the South Joplin, Mo., Mines.

JOPLIN, Mo., Feb. 21.—By a cave-in at the shaft of No. 3 on the South Joplin Mining company's ground this afternoon, four miners were killed and another hurt. The killed are: JOHN KROCK, W. D. HANES, HEWY PYLES, W. H. MATHIELL, Injured: R. E. COY.

MYSTERIOUS FIRE.

All the Records and Vouchers of the Whisky Trust Burn.

PEORIA, Ill., Feb. 21.—The whisky trust headquarters, Colonel R. G. Ingraham's old home, burned this morning. It is believed that all records and vouchers wanted in the congressional investigation were destroyed.

Later—the fire was confined to the top floor, though the entire building was damaged by water.

DOWN AN EMBANKMENT.

A West Shore Train Derailed Near Palmyra, N. Y.

PALMYRA, N. Y., Feb. 21.—The west-bound West shore passenger train was derailed and thrown down an embankment eighteen feet high one mile east of here this morning. The train consisted of a baggage car, five coaches and two engines, one of which and all the coaches were smashed, two men were killed outright and twelve injured, none fatally. It is impossible to obtain the names of the men killed in the wreck. It is rumored that a missing child is buried in the ruins.

TOBACCO FACTORY DESTROYED.

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 21.—The factory of Harry Weissinger, tobacco, burned this afternoon. Loss estimated at \$250,000 with insurance.

KILLED IN A BOILER EXPLOSION.

WEST LIND, Mont., Feb. 21.—The boiler in the grain elevator of McCormick & Jones exploded this afternoon. Robert Davis and C. McMillan were killed and Nelson McCormick mortally hurt. Two other employees were less seriously injured.

TRANS-CONTINENTAL RATES.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—A meeting of the freight officials of the trans-continental lines will be held at Santa Barbara, Cal., this afternoon. It is expected that action is deemed necessary to obtain equality in the matter of rates to the Pacific coast.

MITCHELL DEPOSITS A FORTUNE.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Charles Mitchell has finally agreed to deposit a \$100,000 forfeit and fight Corbett. This decision was arrived at tonight. The party leave for New York tomorrow.

THE BUCHANAN-GRIFFITH FIGHT.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 21.—The Buchanan-Griffith fight ended tonight in a sensational manner by Griffith butting Buchanan on the side of the head in the second round and knocking him senseless. Both men were injured by the concussion. Buchanan was awarded the fight.

ITALIAN BANK SCANDAL.

ROME, Feb. 21.—Tullio director of Banca Romana, now under arrest for complicity in the bank scandal, is a formal statement implicating many well known men. Signor Monselli, a government official, also under arrest, made a statement similar to that furnished by Tullio.

WILL ATTEND THE NAVAL REVIEW.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—In the commons today the secretary of the admiralty announced that the British North American squadron would attend the review in New York in honor of the Colombian anniversary, with several vessels of war, and the admiralty is considering whether to send additional vessels.

WELL-KNOWN HISTORIAN SUICIDES.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 21.—P. S. Hamilton, a well-known historian and writer, committed suicide this morning by taking laudanum. He related the reports of physicians to save him. It is thought tonight that he cannot live.

AN ARMY MOBILIZED.

VALPARAISO, Feb. 21.—With an army of 4,500, which were mobilized under General E. de Lacerda, the federal revolutionists of Rio de Sol, Brazil, have begun a march towards Porto.

BEHIND SEA MODUS VIVENDI.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Unofficial announcement of the extension of the Behring sea modus vivendi by the Victorian colonial government organ, as reported in this morning's dispatches, indicates a lack of information upon the subject which tends to cast doubt upon the accuracy of the report.

PHILADELPHIA ELECTION.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 21.—Returns up to this morning indicate the re-election of City Solicitor Warwick and Receiver of Taxes Taylor over the Democratic opponents.

EXPLOSION IN A MINE.

VIENNA, Feb. 21.—An explosion in Skalka mine in Styria caused fifteen deaths, injuries to twenty more. Six were drowned by the flooding of a mine at Carlsbad in Bohemia.

THE CAR COUPLER MEASURE.

An All-Night Session of the House on the Bill.

USUAL SCENES ENACTED.

At 3 O'clock This Morning Filibustering Was Continued.

A Number of Efforts Looking to Adjournment Failed—The Sergeant-at-Arms Sent After Absentees—No Compromise Expected.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The House today continued the whole resumed consideration of the postoffice appropriation bill. Nothing of importance had been accomplished when the hour fixed for consideration of the car coupler bill arrived, and the committee rose and Mr. Wise moved that the Senate amendments thereto be concurred in. Filibustering then began and after various dilatory motions a vote was ordered on a motion to adjourn until Thursday. No quorum appearing, there were several attempts made to reach a compromise.

Mr. Hatch said he was sure friends of the bill would lose nothing if the House adjourned now.

Mr. Wise said: "The gentleman from Missouri is endeavoring to persuade friends of the bill that it is safe to adjourn, and I say to them it is not safe."

The chair declined to decide the question before it came up in regular order. In a short time the House became almost hopelessly entangled in a maze of motions, counter-motions and other evidences of filibustering. At 3 o'clock appearing the sergeant-at-arms was sent to bring in absentees, and for an hour more the House waited for his return.

An all-night session was then seen to be at hand and the usual scenes were enacted. There were several amusing episodes, but now the session is a dreary one. Shortly after midnight Mr. Cummings stated the sergeant was unable to execute the order of the House to arrest absentees, and it was moved to adjourn, but the motion was lost.

Mr. Cummings charged that the opponents of the bill were upheld by the railroad, a charge which Richardson indignantly denied.

At 3 this (Wednesday) morning filibustering was continuing with no immediate prospect of adjournment. There had been no break in the filibustering since and no prospect of any within a reasonable time.

THE MONETARY CONFERENCE.

Report of the American Delegates Submitted to the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The president today sent to the Senate the report of the American delegates to the International Monetary conference. After referring to the programme of the United States, which was discussed in all its phases, the delegates refer to the report of the committee of twelve which reported affirmatively upon a proposition that it was wise to withdraw from the monetary circulation all gold coins, and all paper money redeemable in gold, of a less denomination than \$1, 20 francs or 20 marks and substitute silver money for them.

In discussion of the various proposals the attitude of nearly all governments was disclosed. Recognition was general in the conference that the monetary evil required a remedy.

No recommendations or suggestions from the speeches made, the delegates say the conference is to reconvene on the 30th of May, 1893.

In the meantime it is expected propositions and plans already submitted and such others as may be submitted to the president of the convention and by him transmitted to several governments through delegates, will be considered. It is anticipated that the delegates upon the resumption of the conference will be able to state definitely the view of their respective governments as to what plans are practicable to secure a greater use of silver as a part of the metallic money of the world.

In concluding their report the delegates say they are glad to hear testimony to the earnest wish of the conference that the plan of the withdrawal of silver from circulation to the nations, and adequate to the monetary situation, may result from its deliberations.

IN BAD SHAPE.

Matters for the Closing Days of Congress Not as They Should Be.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Matters are not quite what they should be for the closing days of the session. In addition to the fight to be made to defeat the silver civil bill, there is going to be a hard fight made against the Indian appropriation bill. The whole policy of Indian education established by Commissioner Morgan is going to be subjected to an attack and it is understood that some of the strongest men on the appropriations committee are going to join in a fight against the measure.

The silver men in the House claim they have strength enough to prevent the passage of the sundry civil bill under any parliamentary tactics that may be adopted to get it through. They say they have the support of the Sherman amendment out of the chamber, and will defeat the bill. They say their plans are all laid and the force of filibusters against the bill will be almost as strong as it ever in the House. They will fight it by every means known to parliamentary procedure, and they claim it will be impossible to pass it under the rules to get signatures enough to secure a cloture. In fact they regard it as certain they will defeat the bill. This of course would make an extra session absolutely certain.

EX-SENATOR SPENCER'S REMAINS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The remains of ex-Senator Spencer, of Alabama, were interred in Arlington cemetery this morning.

NO CHANCE FOR STATEHOOD BILLS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—[Special.]—Senator Carey says there is little or no chance for the passage of the bill admitting Utah and other territories as there is too little time and too much opposition.

PATENT GRANTED A SALT LAKE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—[Special.]—Patents were granted to July Sampson of Salt Lake today for a portable binder for sheet music.

PLUMMER AND McFARLANE TO FIGHT.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Billy Plummer and Danny McBride met this afternoon and signed articles to fight before the Newark Athletic club for a purse of \$2,500 and a side bet of \$1,000.

THE SHOShONE RESERVATION.

CHEYENNE, Feb. 21.—The Shoshone Indians from whom the government commission is trying to purchase part of the Shoshone reservation have refused to

part with any lands in the southern part of the reservation. As this is a portion particularly wanted by the government, the refusal blocks further negotiations by the present commissioners.

PANAMA INVESTIGATION.

The Committee Concludes Its Examination of Colonel Thompson.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Feb. 20.—Judge Patterson, congressman from Tennessee, one of the Panama committee who was here yesterday to examine Colonel Thompson, said, before returning to Washington today: "I believe from the evidence so far in hand that whatever may have been done by the bankers and others connected with the American committee, Colonel Thompson was honest in all the transactions he figured in, and if anything was crooked he was not in it. His make-up is not that of a jobber, but I won't say there were no up in the crookedness, and great extravagance on this side of the water."

Congressman Storer of Ohio said: "The evidence showed that the bankers were engaged in an effort to form a syndicate among themselves to buy up the assets of the Panama railroad company and sell it to the canal company, as to have things both coming and going. These bankers received vast sums annually from the Panama company for doing practically nothing. Colonel Thompson does not pretend to know what they did to receive the great sums of \$50,000 each per year, making a total of \$1,500,000 during eight years. It was nothing less than robbery."

A BOLD BANK ROBBERY.

Robbers Shoot and Kill a Prominent Citizen.

One of the Gang Captured and a Lynching Prevented Only